شانوباة الليمون التأهبلية امتحان تجريبها رقم 2 في الرياضات ترانية باك علوم فيزيرائية الموسرالدراسي: 2020 ماعات / المعن 3 ساعات ILOZIAL : F تمرين المتتاليات: 4 دفيظ / الأعداد العقدية: 5 نفيظ / التكامل ودراسة الدوال: 11 نقطة التمرين الاول نعتبر المتتالية (١١م) رحبت : ٥ = ١٥ و : $(\forall n \in \mathbb{N})$: $U_{n+1} = \frac{4}{5}U_n - \frac{3^{n+1}}{5^{n+2}}$. U1 Fame ? (1 0,5 $v_n = U_n - \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{n+1}$: IN is n Like (2) الله الماسك والمالية الماسعا على الماسعا على الماسعا على الماسعا على الماسعا على الماسعا على الماسعا 1 ع به استنتج من الله بدلالة n . بدلالة n . . lim Un - - 1 (7.-2) 0,5 1 التمرين الثاني (E): $Z^{2} - 2\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}} z + 4 = 0$: E): (E)وليكن أه وط حليما بحيث: • (a) < 0 . تيما $\Delta = \left(2i\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}\right)^2 \quad \text{if } \tilde{\omega} = \tilde{\omega} \quad \text{if$ الكتابة الجبرية للعددين a و ط . 0,5 $4c = a^{2}$ بحيث: c و يقدي العدد العقدي c. د من أن المنابة ال هـ ب) استنتج الكتابة المثلثية للعددين ٩ وط. $\left(\frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}}{2} - i \frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}}{2}\right)^8 + 1 = 0$: ১ ি ১ ্র 0,5 (المستوى منسوب إلى معلم متعامد معنظم (فرية ن) ، نعبر النفطين A و B لحقاهما a و d على التوالي. حدد زاوية الدوران R الذي مركزه ٥ ويحول A إلى B. 1 التمرين التالث والعدد النبيري) $g(n) = (n^2 - 1)e^2 - x^2e + e$: IR نصع لكل x من xIR via $J = g(x) = (x^2 - 1)(e^x - e)$: vi \tilde{e}^{2} (1) 9,5 g(x) = 0المعادلة: ا نا ني (ع (∀xe]-∞;-1]), g(x) ≤ 0 0,25 (\x \ell] - 4; + \in [); g(x) > 0 0,25

 $A(D) = (\frac{29}{3}e - 20) cm^2 : (20) cm^2 = (20) cm^2$

* * *

ا انجاز ذ محمد يزوغ ا

0,5

کړه

15,0

16,0

1,5

0,5

2,5

1

 $v_o = u_o - \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{o+1}$ $=2-\left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{1}=\frac{10}{5}-\frac{3}{5}=\frac{7}{5}$ $v_n = \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{4}{5} \right)^n$ 19n = Un - (3/5) n+1 $U_n = \mathcal{V}_n + \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{n+4}$ $\ln = \frac{7}{5} \left(\frac{4}{5} \right)^n + \left(\frac{3}{5} \right)^{n+1}$: lim Un 1 ms (7. -2 $\lim_{n \to \infty} \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^n = 0$ $\lim_{n \to \infty} \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^n = 0$ $\lim_{n \to \infty} \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^n = 0$ $\lim_{x \to \infty} \left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^n = 0$: if $-1 < \frac{4}{5} < 1$: if y = 0 $\lim U_n = \lim \frac{7}{5} \left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^n + \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{n+1}$ = lim \f (\frac{4}{5})^n + \frac{3}{5} (\frac{3}{5})^n

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} U_n = \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^n + \frac{3}{5} \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^n$$

$$= \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{7}{5} \times 0 + \frac{3}{5} \times 0 = 0$$

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 $= \ln\left(\frac{5}{7}\right) + n \ln\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)$ ولاينا: ١٥ = ١١٤١ - ١٥٥ الله عند الله $\lim_{n \to \infty} \ln \left(\frac{5}{4}\right) = +\infty$ $\lim_{n \to \infty} \ln n = +\infty$ $\lim_{n \to \infty} \ln n = +\infty$

lim Wn = . + 00 ; (3)

(E) 22-21272 Z + 4=0 (21 /2-12)2= 412 (12-12)2: Ush (1-1 $= -4(2-\sqrt{2}) = -8+4\sqrt{2}$ وس جعة أخرى لمينا،

تعديم الاستطان التبريدي مم 2 : }

: Us chos (1

$$U_{1} = U_{0+1} = \frac{4}{5}U_{0} - \frac{3^{0+1}}{5^{0+2}}$$

$$= \frac{4}{5} \times 2 - \frac{3^{1}}{5^{2}} = \frac{8}{5} - \frac{3}{25}$$

$$= \frac{40-3}{25} = \boxed{\frac{37}{25}}$$

المتعقق: لدينا لكل ما وما N): $\mathcal{Y}_{n+1} = U_{n+1} - \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{(n+1)+1}$

$$= \frac{4}{5} \ln - \frac{3}{5^{n+2}} - \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{n+2}$$

$$= \frac{4}{5} \ln n - \frac{1}{5} \times \frac{3^{n+1}}{5^{n+1}} - \frac{3}{5} \times \frac{3^{n+1}}{5^{n+1}}$$

$$= \frac{4}{5}U_{n} - \frac{3^{n+1}}{5^{n+1}} \left(\frac{1}{5} + \frac{3}{5} \right)$$

$$=\frac{4}{5}U_n-\frac{3^{n+1}}{5^{n+1}}\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)$$

$$= \frac{4}{5} \left(ll_n - \frac{3^{n+1}}{5^{n+1}} \right) = \frac{4}{5} \left(ll_n - \left(\frac{3}{5} \right)^{4n} \right)$$

(tn+1N): Un+1 = 4 0n

4 lou mi just out in (10n) aus

Un = (4) vo inte & landing

(a)
$$2 \operatorname{Arg}(a) = -\frac{\pi}{4} + {}^{2}\operatorname{L}\pi$$
 $\Rightarrow \operatorname{Arg}(a) = -\frac{\pi}{8} + \operatorname{k}\pi \quad (\operatorname{k} \in \mathbb{Z})$
 $|4c| = |a^{2}| \Rightarrow 4|c| = |a|^{2}$
 $\Rightarrow 4 = |a|^{2} \Rightarrow |a| = 2$
 $|a| = 2$

$$\Delta = (-2\sqrt{2+12})^{2} - 4(4)$$

$$= 4(2+\sqrt{2}) - 16 = 8+4\sqrt{2} - 16$$

$$= -8 + 4\sqrt{2}$$

$$= -8 + 4\sqrt{2} - 2\sqrt{2}$$

$$= -8 + 4\sqrt{2} - 2\sqrt{2}$$

$$= -8 + 4\sqrt{2} - 2\sqrt{2} - 2\sqrt{2} - 2\sqrt{2}$$

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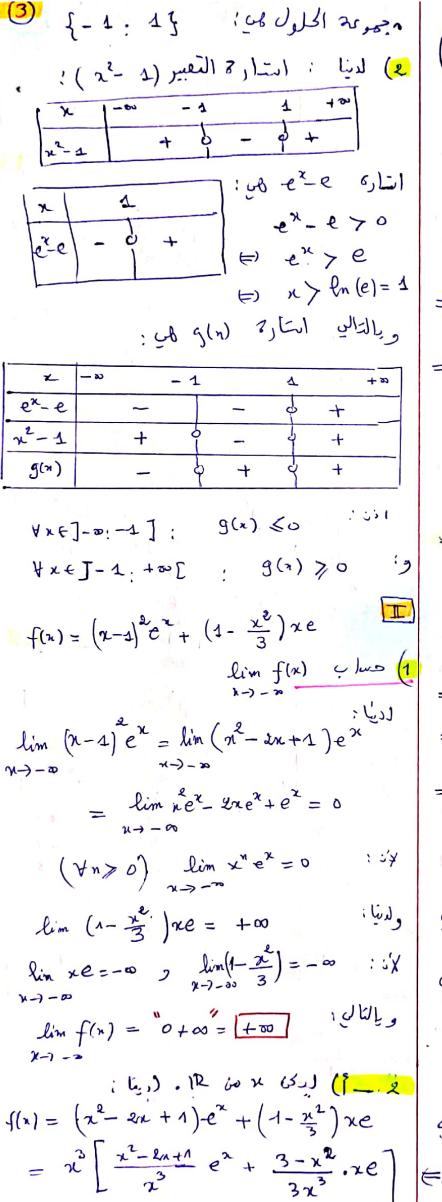
$$= -8 + 4\sqrt{2} - 2\sqrt{2}$$

$$= -2\sqrt{2} - 2\sqrt{2} - 2\sqrt{2}$$

$$= -2\sqrt{2} - 2\sqrt{2}$$

$$=$$

Scanné avec CamScanner



 $\left(\frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}}{2} - i\frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}}{2}\right)^{8} + 4 = 0$ طرريقة آخري نعلم أن العلم الله على a = 2 e $\left(\frac{\alpha}{2}\right) = e^{-i\pi/8} = \left(\frac{\alpha}{2}\right)^8 = \left(e^{-i\pi/8}\right)^8$ $=) \quad \left(\frac{a}{2}\right)^8 = e^{-i\pi} = \omega_0(-\pi) + i\sin(-\pi)$ $= \left(\frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}-i\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}}}{2}\right)^8 = -1$ $\Rightarrow \left(\frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}}{2} - i\frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}}{2}\right)^{8} + 1 = 0$ $z' = e^{i\theta}(z - \omega) + \omega$ = e'7 ZB = e ZA : 6 R(A) = B : 6 4 ivil b= éa ivigi Arg (b) = $Arg(e^{i\theta}a)$ [27] \Rightarrow Arg(b) = Arg(e^{ið}) + Arg(a)[211] $\Rightarrow \frac{\pi}{\delta} \equiv \theta + \left(-\frac{\pi}{\delta}\right) \cdot \left[2\pi\right]$ $= \frac{\pi}{8} + \frac{\pi}{8} = \frac{\pi}{4} \left[2\pi \right] = \frac{\pi}{4} = \frac{\pi}{4} \left[2\pi \right]$ (ن) زاوية الدوران من <u>س</u>را التعريف (لتالك) $g(x) = (x^2 - 1)e^x - x^2e + e$ [(4) g(n) = (x2-1) ex-(x2e-e) $=(2^{2}-1)e^{x}-(x^{2}-1)e$ = (n2-1)(ex-e) g(n)=0 (=) x-1=0 gi ex-e=0 $(x-1)(x+1) = 0 \text{ of } e^{x} = e$ $x = 1 \text{ of } x = -1 \text{ of } x = \ln(e)$

$$\frac{f(n)}{n} = \sqrt{2} \left[\frac{x^2 - 2n+1}{x^2} \times \frac{e^x}{x} + \frac{3-x^2}{3x^2} \times \frac{xe}{x} \right]$$

$$= \sqrt{2} \left[\frac{x^2 - 2n+1}{x^2} \times \frac{e^x}{x} + \frac{3-x^2}{3x^2} \times \frac{xe}{x} \right]$$

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$$= \sqrt{2} \left[\frac{x^2 - 2n+1}{x^2} \times \frac{e^x}{x} + \frac{3-x^2}{3x^2} \times \frac{xe}{x} \right]$$

 $\lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{f(n)}{x} = +\infty \times \left(1 \times +\infty - \frac{4}{3}\right) = +\infty +\infty \times \frac{1}{x} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{n^2}{x^2} = 1$ $\lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{f(n)}{x} = +\infty \times \left(1 \times +\infty - \frac{4}{3}\right) = +\infty +\infty \times \frac{1}{x}$ $\lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{n^2 - 2n + 1}{x^2} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{n^2}{x^2} = 1$ $\lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{n^2 - 2n + 1}{x^2} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{n^2}{x^2} = 1$ $\lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{n^2 - 2n + 1}{x^2} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{n^2}{x^2} = 1$

تأويل هندسي : لدنا :

 $\lim_{x\to+\infty}\frac{f(n)}{x}=+\infty \quad g \quad \lim_{x\to+\infty}f(n)=+\infty$

ومنه: (٤) يرفبل فرعالمذلجميا في النجاه محور الاراتيب بجوار (٠٠٠)،

ا و له ين الا او له ينا:

f(n) = (n-1)2en + (1- x2) xe $= (x-1)e^{x} + xe - \frac{x^{3}}{3}e^{x}$

f(n) = 2(n-s)ex + (n-1)ex + e - 3x2 e

= $(2x-2+(x-2)^2)e^x+e-x^2e$ = (2n-2+x2-2n+1)ex+e-x2e

 $= (x^2 - 1)e^x - x^2 + e = g(n)$

 $(VREIR), f'(n) = \hat{g}(n)$

جدول تنفيرات الداله ع:

استارج (۱۱) جن دفش اسارج (۱۱) وحسب السؤال ت- ع) درنا،

×	- 00	- 1		4	+20
f(n)	_	4	+	4	+
f	+00	J(-4)	/	f(1)	****

$$f(n) = n^{3} \left(\frac{x^{2} - 2n + 1}{x^{2}} \times \frac{e^{x}}{x} + \frac{3 - x^{2}}{3x^{2}} \times \frac{xe}{x} \right)$$

$$= x^{2} \left(\frac{x^{2} - 2n + 1}{x^{2}} \times \frac{e^{x}}{x} + \frac{3 - x^{2}}{3x^{2}} \times \frac{xe}{x} \right)$$

$$\vdots \lim_{x \to x} f(x) = \lim_{x \to x} \frac{1}{x^{2}} \left(\frac{xe^{x}}{x^{2}} + \frac{3 - x^{2}}{3x^{2}} \times \frac{xe}{x} \right)$$

 $\lim_{x \to +\infty} \frac{e^x}{x} = +\infty$

 $\lim_{x \to +\infty} \frac{3-x^2}{3x^2} \times e = \lim_{x \to +\infty} \frac{-x^2}{3x^2} e^{-1} \lim_{x \to +\infty} \frac{3-x^2}{3x^2} = \lim_{x \to +\infty} \frac{3-x^2}{$

 $\lim_{n\to+\infty} \frac{3}{n^2} \left[\frac{x^2 - 4x + 1}{x^2} \times \frac{e^x}{x} + \frac{3-x^2}{3x^2} \right]$

 $= + \infty \times \left(+ \omega - \frac{P}{3} \right) = \boxed{+00}$ $\lim_{N\to -\infty} \frac{f(n)}{\kappa} = \lim_{N\to -\infty} \left(\frac{3}{\kappa} \right)$

لعينا باستخدام السؤال ه-أ)!

$$\frac{f(n)}{x} = \frac{2}{x} \left[\frac{x^2 + 1}{x^2} \times \frac{e^x}{x} + \frac{3 - x^2}{3x^2} e \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{x} \left[\frac{e^x}{x^2} + \frac{3 - x^2}{3x^2} e \right]$$

$$\frac{0}{-\infty} = 0 \qquad \frac{1}{3}$$

 $\lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{f(n)}{x} = \frac{1}{2} + \infty \times \left(0 - \frac{e}{3}\right)^n = -\infty$

تأويل هندسي: لدينا مماسبت : $\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{f(x)}{x} = -\infty \qquad \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{f(x)}{x} = +\infty$

ان (٤) يُعْبِل فرعا سَلْجِمِيا بجوار صه-في اتجاه محور الأرائيب.

ملاحظة : (1) } تقبل قيمة دنيا هي (1-) (ع) الدالة 'f' تنعدم صرتين في: 4-وفي 4 وهذا معناه أنه (٤) يُغبِل مماسن أَفُقبين : IR Cox عى النعطتين : (1-1) A(-1. f(-1) و (1) (1) B(عليه النعطتين : (1-1) B

: يعادلا المماس (T) عي :

$$(T): y = f'(0) \times + f(0)$$

 $f(0) = e' + 0 = 1$

$$f'(o) = g(o) = -(e^{\circ} - e)$$

$$= -(1-e) = e-1$$
: is 1

(T):
$$y = 2,7 \times + 1$$
 : (3) $e \approx 2,7$: (i).

. f all this and $-0,3 = f(-1)^{4}$.

$$F(x) = (x^{2} - 4x + 5)e^{x} + (\frac{x^{2}}{e} - \frac{x^{4}}{12})e$$
 $J(x) = (x^{2} - 4x + 5)e^{x} + (\frac{x^{2}}{e} - \frac{x^{4}}{12})e$
 $J(x) = (x^{2} - 4x + 5)e^{x} + (\frac{x^{2}}{e} - \frac{x^{4}}{12})e$
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 $J(x) = (x^{2} - 4x + 5)e^{x} + (\frac{x^{2}}{e} - \frac{x^{4}}{12})e$
 $J(x) = (x^{2} - 4x + 5)e^{x} + (\frac{x^{2}}{e} - \frac{x^{4}}{12})e$

$$f(x) = (2n-4)e^{x} + (x^{2}-4x+5)e^{x} + (x^{2}-4x+5)e^{x} + (x^{2}-4x+5)e^{x} + (x^{2}-4x+5)e^{x} + x(1-\frac{x^{2}}{3})e$$

$$= (2n-4+x^{2}-4x+5)e^{x} + x(1-\frac{x^{2}}{3})e$$

$$= (x^{2}-4x+1)e^{x} + (1-\frac{x^{2}}{3})xe$$

$$= (x-1)^{2}e^{x} + (1-\frac{x^{2}}{3})xe = f(x)$$

$$f(D) = \left(\int_0^1 |f(x)| dx \right) (11.a)$$

$$a |_{u}b| 3 = 0$$

$$= 4 cm^2$$

$$\int_{0}^{1} |f(x)| dx = \int_{0}^{1} f(x) dx \quad \text{ing}$$

$$= \left[F(x)\right]_{0}^{1} = F(1) - F(0)$$

$$= \lim_{n \to \infty} |f(x)| dn = \int_{0}^{1} f(x) dx \quad \text{ing}$$

$$F(1) = (1-4+5)e + (\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{12})e = 2e + \frac{5}{12}e$$

$$F(1) = (1 - 4 + 5)e + (\frac{1}{2} + \frac{12}{2})$$

$$= \frac{24 + 5}{12}e = \frac{29}{12}e$$

$$F(0) = 5e^{0} + 0 = 5$$

$$F(1)-F(0)=\frac{20}{12}e-5$$

$$\mathcal{A}(\mathfrak{D}) = \left(\frac{29}{12} e^{-5}\right) \times 4 cm^2 \qquad \text{(iv)}$$

$$\mathcal{H}(\mathcal{D}) = \left(\frac{29}{3} e - 2v\right) cm^2$$